109TH	CONGRESS
$2\mathrm{D}$	Session

H.R.

To provide for reform in the operations of the executive branch.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Tom Davis of Virginia (for himself and Mr. Waxman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To provide for reform in the operations of the executive branch.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Executive Branch Re-
- 5 form Act of 2006".
- 6 SEC. 2. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO SIGNIFICANT CON-
- 7 TACTS.
- 8 (a) In General.—The Ethics in Government Act of
- 9 1978 (5 U.S.C. App. 4) is amended by adding at the end
- 10 the following new title:



"TITLE VI—EXECUTIVE BRANCH 1 DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT 2 **CONTACTS** 3 4 "SEC. 601. RECORDING AND REPORTING BY CERTAIN EXEC-5 UTIVE BRANCH OFFICIALS OF SIGNIFICANT 6 CONTACTS MADE TO THOSE OFFICIALS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the 7 end of a calendar quarter, each covered executive branch 9 official shall make a record of, and file with the Office 10 of Government Ethics a report on, any significant contacts 11 during the quarter between the covered executive branch 12 official and any private party relating to an official govern-13 ment action. If no such contacts occurred, each such official shall make a record of, and file with the Office a report on, this fact, at the same time. 16 "(b) Contents of Record and Report.—Each 17 record made, and each report filed, under subsection (a) shall contain— 18 19 "(1) the name of the covered executive branch 20 official; 21 "(2) the name of each private party who had a 22 significant contact with that official; and 23 "(3) for each private party so named, a sum-24 mary of the nature of the contact, including— "(A) the date of the contact; 25



1	"(B) the subject matter of the contact and
2	the specific executive branch action to which the
3	contact relates; and
4	"(C) if the contact was made on behalf of
5	a client, the name of the client.
6	"(c) WITHHOLDING FOIA-EXEMPT INFORMATION.—
7	This section does not require the filing with the Office of
8	Government Ethics of information that is exempt from
9	public disclosure under section 552(b) of title 5, United
10	States Code (popularly referred to at the "Freedom of In-
11	formation Act").
12	"SEC. 602. AUTHORITIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF OF-
13	FICE OF GOVERNMENT ETHICS.
14	"(a) In General.—The Director of the Office of
15	Government Ethics shall—
16	"(1) promulgate regulations to implement this
17	title, provide guidance and assistance on the record-
18	ing and reporting requirements of this title, and de-
19	velop common standards, rules, and procedures for
20	compliance with this title;
21	"(2) review, and, where necessary, verify the ac-
22	curacy, completeness, and timeliness of reports;
23	"(3) develop filing, coding, and cross-indexing
2324	"(3) develop filing, coding, and cross-indexing systems to carry out the purpose of this title,



1	"(A) a publicly available list of all private
2	parties who made a significant contact; and
3	"(B) computerized systems designed to
4	minimize the burden of filing and maximize
5	public access to reports filed under this title;
6	"(4) make available for public inspection and
7	copying at reasonable times the reports filed under
8	this title;
9	"(5) retain reports for a period of at least 6
10	years after they are filed;
11	"(6) compile and summarize, with respect to
12	each reporting period, the information contained in
13	reports filed with respect to such period in a clear
14	and complete manner;
15	"(7) notify any covered executive branch official
16	in writing that may be in noncompliance with this
17	title; and
18	"(8) notify the United States Attorney for the
19	District of Columbia that a covered executive branch
20	official may be in noncompliance with this title, if
21	the covered executive branch official has been noti-
22	fied in writing and has failed to provide an appro-
23	priate response within 60 days after notice was
24	given under paragraph (7).



1 "SEC. 603. PENALTIES.

2	"Whoever knowingly fails to—
3	"(1) remedy a defective filing within 60 days
4	after notice was given under paragraph (7); or
5	"(2) comply with any other provision of this
6	title;
7	shall, upon proof of such knowing violation by a prepon-
8	derance of the evidence, be subject to a civil fine of not
9	more than \$50,000, depending on the extent and gravity
10	of the violation.
11	"SEC. 604. DEFINITIONS.
12	"In this title:
13	"(1) COVERED EXECUTIVE BRANCH OFFI-
14	CIAL.—The term 'covered executive branch official'
15	means—
16	"(A) any officer or employee serving in a
17	position in level I, II, III, IV, or V of the Exec-
18	utive Schedule, as designated by statute or Ex-
19	ecutive order;
20	"(B) any member of the uniformed serv-
21	ices whose pay grade is at or above O–7 under
22	section 201 of title 37, United States Code;
23	"(C) any officer or employee serving in a
24	position of a confidential, policy-determining,

policy-making, or policy-advocating character



1	described in section 7511(b)(2)(B) of title 5
2	United States Code; and
3	"(D) any officer or employee serving in a
4	position of a confidential, policy-determining
5	policy-making, or policy advocating character,
6	or any other individual functioning in the ca-
7	pacity of such an officer or employee, in the Ex-
8	ecutive Office of the President or the Office of
9	the Vice President, but does not include the
10	President or Vice President or the chief of staff
11	of the President or Vice President.
12	"(2) SIGNIFICANT CONTACT.—The term 'sig-
13	nificant contact' means oral or written communica-
14	tion (including electronic communication) that is
15	made by a private party to a covered executive
16	branch official in which such private party seeks to
17	influence, or obtain nonpublic information about, of-
18	ficial action by any officer or employee of the execu-
19	tive branch of the United States.
20	"(3) Private party.—The term 'private party
21	means any person or entity, but does not include a
22	Federal, State, or local government official or a per-
23	son representing such an official.".



(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

1	(1) In General.—Title VI of the Ethics in
2	Government Act of 1978, as added by this section,
3	takes effect 1 year after the date of the enactment
4	of this Act, except as provided in paragraph (2).
5	(2) Initial regulations.—The initial regula-
6	tions required by section 602 of that Act shall be
7	promulgated—
8	(A) in draft form, not later than 270 days
9	after the date of the enactment of this Act; and
10	(B) in final form, not later than 1 year
11	after the date of the enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 3. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO STOPPING THE RE-
13	VOLVING DOOR.
14	The Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C.
15	App. 4) is amended by adding at the end the following
16	new title:
17	"TITLE VII—STOPPING THE
18	REVOLVING DOOR
19	"SEC. 701. TWO-YEAR COOLING-OFF PERIOD FOR PERSONS
20	LEAVING GOVERNMENT SERVICE.
21	"(a) In General.—A covered executive branch offi-
22	cial shall not, for a period of two years after the termi-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23	nation of his employment, engage in any conduct that



- 1 207 of title 18, United States Code, if it occurred within
- 2 one year after the termination of his employment.
- 3 "(b) No Effect on Section 207.—This section
- 4 does not expand, contract, or otherwise affect the applica-
- 5 tion of any waiver or criminal penalties under section 207
- 6 of title 18, United States Code.
- 7 "SEC. 702. PROHIBITION ON NEGOTIATION OF FUTURE EM-
- 8 PLOYMENT.
- 9 "(a) Prohibition.—A covered executive branch offi-
- 10 cial shall not participate in any official matter in which,
- 11 to the official's knowledge, a person or organization with
- 12 whom the official is negotiating or has any arrangement
- 13 concerning prospective employment has a financial inter-
- 14 est, unless a waiver has been granted under subsection (b).
- 15 "(b) Waivers Only When Exceptional Cir-
- 16 CUMSTANCES EXIST.—A waiver to subsection (a) is not
- 17 available, and shall not be granted, to any individual ex-
- 18 cept in a case which the Government official responsible
- 19 for the individual's appointment as a covered executive
- 20 branch official determines that exceptional circumstances
- 21 exist. Whenever such a determination is made, the Direc-
- 22 tor of the Office of Government Ethics shall independently
- 23 investigate and review the circumstances relating to the
- 24 determination, and the waiver shall not take effect until



the date on which the Director certifies in writing that 2 exceptional circumstances exist. 3 "SEC. 703. COOLING-OFF PERIOD FOR CERTAIN PERSONS 4 ENTERING GOVERNMENT SERVICE. 5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A covered executive branch official shall not engage in conduct relating to a covered entity that would be prohibited under section 208 of title 18, 8 United States Code, if the official had a financial interest in the covered entity, unless a waiver has been granted 10 under subsection (b). 11 "(b) WAIVER.—An agency's designated ethics officer may, if the Director of the Office of Government Ethics 12 13 approves, waive the prohibition in subsection (a) with respect to a covered executive branch official of that agency 14 15 upon a determination that the relationship between the covered executive branch official and the covered entity is 16 not so substantial as to be deemed likely to affect the integrity of the services that the Government may expect 18 19 from the official. 20 "(c) Definition.—In this section, the term 'covered 21 entity' means an entity— 22 "(1) in which the official, within the previous 2

years, served as an officer, director, trustee, general

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partner, or employee; or

1	"(2) for which the official, within the previous
2	2 years, worked as a lobbyist, lawyer, or other rep-
3	resentative.
4	"(d) No Effect on Section 208.—This section
5	does not expand, contract, or otherwise affect the applica-
6	tion of any criminal penalties under section 208 of title
7	18, United States Code.
8	"SEC. 704. PENALTIES.
9	"Whoever violates section 701, 702, or 703 of this
10	title shall, upon proof of such knowing violation by a pre-
11	ponderance of the evidence, be subject to a civil fine of
12	not more than \$100,000, depending on the extent and
13	gravity of the violation.
14	"SEC. 705. DEFINITION.
15	"In this title, the term 'covered executive branch offi-
16	cial' means—
17	"(1) any officer or employee serving in a posi-
18	tion in level I, II, III, IV, or V of the Executive
19	Schedule, as designated by statute or Executive
20	order;
21	"(2) any member of the uniformed services
22	whose pay grade is at or above O-7 under section
23	201 of title 37, United States Code;
24	"(3) any officer or employee serving in a posi-

tion of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-



1	making, or policy-advocating character described in
2	section 7511(b)(2)(B) of title 5, United States Code;
3	and
4	"(4) any officer or employee serving in a posi-
5	tion of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-
6	making, or policy advocating character, or any other
7	individual functioning in the capacity of such an of-
8	ficer or employee, in the Executive Office of the
9	President or the Office of the Vice President; and
10	"(5) the Vice President.".
11	SEC. 4. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO PROCURE-
12	MENT OFFICIALS.
13	(a) Elimination of Loopholes That Allow
14	FORMER FEDERAL OFFICIALS TO ACCEPT COMPENSA-
	FORMER FEDERAL OFFICIALS TO ACCEPT COMPENSA- TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Sec-
15	
15 16	TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Sec-
15 16	TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Section 27(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy
15 16 17	TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Section 27(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423(d)) is amended—
15 16 17 18	TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Section 27(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423(d)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)—
15 16 17 18 19	TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Section 27(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423(d)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) by striking "or consultant" and insert-
15 16 17 18 19 20	TION FROM CONTRACTORS OR RELATED ENTITIES.—Section 27(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423(d)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) by striking "or consultant" and inserting "consultant, lawyer, or lobbyist";
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	tion From Contractors or Related Entities.—Section 27(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423(d)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) by striking "or consultant" and inserting "consultant, lawyer, or lobbyist"; (B) by striking "one year" and inserting



1	serting "participated personally and substan-
2	tially in—''; and
3	(2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as fol-
4	lows:
5	"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not prohibit a former
6	official of a Federal agency from accepting com-
7	pensation from any division or affiliate of a con-
8	tractor that does not produce the same or similar
9	products or services as the entity of the contractor
10	that is responsible for the contract referred to in
11	subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of such paragraph if
12	the agency's designated ethics officer determines
13	that—
14	"(A) the offer of compensation is not a re-
15	ward for any action described in paragraph (1);
16	and
17	"(B) acceptance of the compensation is ap-
18	propriate and will not affect the integrity of the
19	procurement process.".
20	(b) Requirement for Federal Procurement
21	Officers to Disclose Job Offers Made to Rel-
22	ATIVES.—Section 27(c)(1) of such Act (41 U.S.C.
23	423(c)(1)) is amended by inserting after "that official"
24	the following: "or for a relative of that official (as defined
25	in section 3110 of title 5. United States Code) "



1	(c) REQUIREMENT ON AWARD OF GOVERNMENT
2	Contracts to Former Employers.—Section 27 of
3	such Act (41 U.S.C. 423) is amended by adding at the
4	end the following new subsection:
5	"(i) Prohibition on Involvement by Certain
6	FORMER CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES IN PROCURE-
7	MENTS.—An employee of the Federal Government who is
8	a former employee of a contractor with the Federal Gov-
9	ernment shall not be personally and substantially involved
10	with any award of a contract to the employee's former em-
11	ployer, or the administration of such a contract, for the
12	two-year period beginning on the date on which the em-
13	ployee leaves the employment of the contractor.".
14	(d) Regulations.—Section 27 of such Act (41
15	U.S.C. 423) is further amended by adding at the end of
16	the following new subsection:
17	"(j) Regulations.—The Administrator, in consulta-
18	tion with the Director of the Office of Government Ethics,
19	shall—
20	"(1) promulgate regulations to carry out and
21	ensure the enforcement of this section; and
22	"(2) monitor and investigate individual and

agency compliance with this section.".



1	SEC. 5. PROHIBITION ON UNAUTHORIZED EXPENDITURE
2	OF FUNDS FOR PUBLICITY OR PROPAGANDA
3	PURPOSES.
4	(a) Prohibition.—Chapter 13 of title 31, United
5	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing new section:
7	"§ 1355. Prohibition on unauthorized expenditure of
8	funds for publicity or propaganda pur-
9	poses
10	"An officer or employee of the United States Govern-
11	ment may not make or authorize an expenditure or obliga-
12	tion of funds for publicity or propaganda purposes within
13	the United States unless authorized by law.".
14	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
15	for chapter 13 of such title is amended by adding at the
16	end the following new item:
	"1355. Prohibition on unauthorized expenditure of funds for publicity or propaganda purposes".
17	SEC. 6. REQUIREMENT FOR DISCLOSURE OF FEDERAL
18	SPONSORSHIP OF ALL FEDERAL ADVER-
19	TISING OR OTHER COMMUNICATION MATE-
20	RIALS.
21	(a) Requirement.—Each advertisement or other
22	communication paid for by an Executive agency, either di-
23	rectly or through a contract awarded by the Executive

24 agency, shall include a prominent notice informing the tar-



1	get audience that the advertisement or other communica-
2	tion is paid for by that Executive agency.
3	(b) Advertisement or Other Communication.—
4	In this section, the term "advertisement or other commu-
5	nication" includes—
6	(1) an advertisement disseminated in any form,
7	including print or by any electronic means; and
8	(2) a communication by an individual in any
9	form, including speech, print, or by any electronic
10	means.
11	(c) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—In this section, the term
12	"Executive agency" has the meaning provided in section
13	105 of title 5, United States Code.
14	SEC. 7. ELIMINATION OF "PSEUDO" CLASSIFICATION.
15	(a) Reports on the Proliferating Use of
16	"Pseudo" Classification Designations.—
17	(1) Report by Federal Agencies.—Not later
18	than six months after the date of the enactment of
19	this Act, each federal agency shall submit to the Ar-
20	chivist of the United States and the congressional
21	committees described in subsection (d) a report de-
22	scribing the use of "pseudo" classification designa-
23	tions.
24	(2) Matters covered.—Each such agency
25	shall report on, at a minimum, the following:



1	(A) The number of "pseudo" classification
2	designation policies used by the agency.
3	(B) Any existing guidance, instruction, di-
4	rective, or regulations regarding the agency's
5	use of "pseudo" classification designations.
6	(C) The number and level of experience
7	and training of Federal agency, office, and con-
8	tractor personnel authorized to make "pseudo"
9	classification designations.
10	(D) The cost of placing and maintaining
11	information under each "pseudo" classification
12	designation.
13	(E) The extent to which information
14	placed under "pseudo" classification designa-
15	tions has subsequently been released under sec-
16	tion 552 of title 5, United States Code (popu-
17	larly known as the Freedom of Information
18	Act).
19	(F) The extent to which "pseudo" classi-
20	fication designations have been used to withhold
21	from the public information that is not author-
22	ized to be withheld by Federal statute, or by an
23	Executive order relating to the classification of

national security information.



1	(G) The statutory provisions described in
2	subsection (c).
3	(3) Report by the archivist of the
4	UNITED STATES.—Not later than 9 months after the
5	date of the enactment of this Act, the Archivist of
6	the United States shall issue to the congressional
7	committees described in subsection (d) a report on
8	the use of "pseudo" classification designations
9	across the executive branch that is based on the in-
10	formation provided by agencies, as well as input
11	from the Director of National Intelligence, Federal
12	agencies, offices, and contractors. All federal agen-
13	cies, offices, and contractors shall cooperate fully
14	and promptly with all requests by the Archivist in
15	the fulfillment of this paragraph.
16	(4) Notice and comment.—The Archivist
17	shall provide notice and an opportunity for public
18	comment on the report.
19	(b) Elimination of "Pseudo" Classification
20	Designations.—
21	(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 15 months
22	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ar-
23	chivist of the United States shall promulgate regula-
24	tions banning the use of "pseudo" classification des-



ignations.

1	(2) Standards for information control
2	DESIGNATIONS.—If the Archivist determines that
3	there is a need for some agencies to use information
4	control designations to safeguard information prior
5	to review for disclosure, beyond those designations
6	established by statute or by an Executive Order re-
7	lating to the classification of national security infor-
8	mation, the regulations under paragraph (1) shall
9	establish standards for the use of those designations
10	by agencies. Such standards shall address, at a min-
11	imum, the following issues:
12	(A) Standards for utilizing the information
13	control designations in a manner that is nar-
14	rowly tailored to maximize public access to in-
15	formation.
16	(B) Procedures for providing specified
17	Federal officials with authority to utilize the in-
18	formation control designations, including train-
19	ing and certification requirements.
20	(C) Categories of information that may be
21	assigned the information control designations.
22	(D) The duration of the information con-
23	trol designations and the process by which they



will be removed.

1	(E) Procedures for identifying, marking,
2	dating, and tracking information assigned the
3	information control designations, including the
4	identity of officials making the designations.
5	(F) Specific limitations and prohibitions
6	against using the information control designa-
7	tions.
8	(G) Procedures for members of the public
9	to challenge the use of the information control
10	designations.
11	(H) The manner in which the use of the
12	information control designations relates to the
13	procedures of each agency or office under sec-
14	tion 552 of title 5, United States Code.
15	(3) REGULATION TO CONSTITUTE SOLE AU-
16	THORITY.—A regulation promulgated pursuant to
17	this subsection shall constitute the sole authority by
18	which Federal agencies, offices, or contractors are
19	permitted to control information for the purposes of
20	safeguarding information prior to review for disclo-
21	sure, other than authority granted by Federal stat-
22	ute or by an Executive order relating to the classi-
23	fication of national security information.
24	(c) Review of Statutory Barriers to Public



25 Access Information.—

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1	(1) REVIEW OF STATUTES.—As part of the re-
2	port required under subsection (a)(3), the Archivist
3	shall examine existing Federal statutes that allow
4	Federal agencies, offices, or contractors to control,
5	protect, or otherwise withhold information based on
6	security concerns.
7	(2) Recommendations.—The report shall
8	make recommendations on potential changes to the
9	Federal statutes examined under paragraph (1) that
10	would improve public access to information governed
11	by such statutes.
12	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
13	(1) The term "congressional committees"
14	means the Committees on Government Reform, Ju-
15	diciary, Homeland Security, and Appropriations of
16	the House of Representatives and the Committees
17	on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs,
18	Judiciary, and Appropriations of the Senate.
19	(2) The term "'pseudo' classification designa-
20	tions" means information control designations, in-
21	cluding "sensitive but unclassified" and "for official
22	use only", that are not defined by Federal statute,
23	or by an Executive order relating to the classifica-
24	tion of national security information, but that are

used to manage, direct, or route Government infor-



- 1 mation, or control the accessibility of Government
- 2 information, regardless of its form or format.

3 SEC. 8. NATIONAL SECURITY WHISTLEBLOWER RIGHTS.

- 4 Chapter 23 of title 5, United States Code, is amended
- 5 by adding after section 2303 the following new section:

6 "§ 2303a. National security whistleblower rights

- 7 "(a) Prohibition of Reprisals.—In addition to
- 8 any rights provided in Title VII of Public Law 105–272,
- 9 section 2303 of title 5, United States Code, or any other
- 10 law, an employee or applicant for employment of a covered
- 11 agency may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise dis-
- 12 criminated against, including denying, suspending, or re-
- 13 voking a security clearance or otherwise restricting access
- 14 to classified or sensitive information, as a reprisal for dis-
- 15 closing covered information to an authorized Member of
- 16 Congress or to an authorized official of an executive agen-
- 17 cy, the Department of Justice, or the Inspector General
- 18 of the employee's employing covered agency.
- 19 "(b) Investigation of Complaints.—An employee
- 20 or applicant for employment of a covered agency who be-
- 21 lieves he has been subjected to a reprisal prohibited by
- 22 subsection (a) may submit a complaint to the Inspector
- 23 General and head of the covered agency. The Inspector
- 24 General shall investigate the complaint and, unless the In-
- 25 spector General determines that the complaint is frivolous,



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- 1 submit a report of the findings of the investigation within
- 2 180 days to the employee or applicant for employment and
- 3 the head of the covered agency.
- 4 "(c) Remedy.—
 - "(1) Within 210 days of the filing of the complaint, the head of the covered agency shall issue an order accepting or rejecting the complaint, or portions thereof, taking into consideration the report issued by the Inspector General under subsection (b), if any. If the head of the covered agency accepts the complaint, he shall implement corrective action to return the complainant, as nearly as possible, to the position he would have held had the reprisal not occurred, including voiding any directive or order denying, suspending, or revoking a security clearance or otherwise restricting access to classified or sensitive information that constituted a reprisal, as well as providing back pay and related benefits, medical costs incurred, travel expenses, and any other reasonable and foreseeable consequential damages including attorney's fees and costs. If the head of the covered agency rejects the complaint, he shall issue a report to the employee or applicant for employment detailing the reasons for the rejection.



"(2)(A) If the head of the covered agency, in the process of implementing corrective action under (c)(1), voids a directive or order denying, suspending, or revoking a security clearance or otherwise restricting access to classified or sensitive information that constituted a reprisal, the head of the covered agency may re-initiate procedures to issue a directive or order denying, suspending, or revoking a security clearance or otherwise restricting access to classified or sensitive information only if those reinitiated procedures are based exclusively on national security concerns and are unrelated to the actions constituting the original reprisal.

"(B) In any case in which the head of a covered agency re-initiates procedures under (2)(A), the head of the covered agency shall issue an unclassified report to its IG and authorized members of Congress (with a classified annex if necessary), detailing the circumstances of the agency's re-initiated procedures and describing the manner in which those procedures are based exclusively on national security concerns and are unrelated to the actions constituting the original reprisal. The head of the covered agency shall also provide periodic updates to the IG and authorized members of Congress detail-



ing any significant actions taken as a result of those procedures, and shall respond promptly to inquiries from authorized Members of Congress regarding the status of those procedures.

"(3) If the head of the covered agency has not accepted or rejected the complaint within 210 days of the filing of the complaint, and there is no showing that such delay is due to the bad faith of the complainant, the complainant shall be deemed to have exhausted his or her administrative remedies with respect to the complaint, and the complainant may bring an action at law or equity for de novo review to seek any relief described in (c)(1) in the appropriate district court of the United States, which shall have jurisdiction over such action without regard to the amount in controversy. A petition to review a final decision under this subsection shall be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.

"(4) The complainant may obtain review of any order issued under this section in the appropriate district court of the United States or the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. No petition seeking such review may be filed more than 60 days after issuance of the order by the head of



1	the agency. Review shall conform to chapter 7 of
2	title 5. A petition to review a final decision of a dis-
3	trict court under this subsection shall be filed in the
4	United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Cir-
5	cuit.
6	"(5)(A) If, in any action for damages or relief

"(5)(A) If, in any action for damages or relief under subsections (c)(3) or (c)(4), an executive branch agency moves to withhold information from discovery based on a claim that disclosure would be inimical to national security by asserting the privilege commonly referred to as the "state secrets privilege," and if the assertion of such privilege prevents the plaintiff from establishing an element in support of the plaintiff's claim, the court shall resolve the disputed issue of fact or law in favor of the plaintiff, provided that an inspector general investigation under subsection (b) has resulted in substantial confirmation of that element, or those elements, of the plaintiff's claim.

"(B) In any case in which an executive branch agency asserts the privilege commonly referred to as the "state secrets privilege," whether or not an inspector general has conducted an investigation under subsection (b), the head of that agency shall, at the same time it asserts the privilege, issue a report to



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authorized Members of Congress, accompanied by a

classified annex if necessary, describing the reasons

3	for the assertion, explaining why the court hearing
4	the matter does not have the ability to maintain the
5	protection of classified information related to the as-
6	sertion, detailing the steps the agency has taken to
7	arrive at a mutually agreeable settlement with the
8	employee or applicant for employment, setting forth
9	the date on which the classified information at issue
10	will be declassified, and providing all relevant infor-
11	mation about the underlying substantive matter.
12	"(d) Construction.—Nothing in this section may
13	be construed to authorize the discharge of, demotion of,
14	or discrimination against an employee for a disclosure
15	other than a disclosure protected by subsection (a) of this
16	section or to modify or derogate from a right or remedy
17	otherwise available to the employee or applicant for em-
18	ployment.
19	"(e) Definitions.—In this section:
20	"(1) The term "covered information," including
21	classified information, is information that an em-
22	ployee reasonably believes to provide direct and spe-
23	cific evidence of—
24	"(A) a violation of any law, rule, or regula-
25	tion, or



1	"(B) gross mismanagement, a gross waste
2	of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial
3	and specific danger to public health or safety.
4	"(2) The term "covered agency" means one of
5	the following:
6	"(A) The Central Intelligence Agency.
7	"(B) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
8	"(C) The National Imagery and Mapping
9	Agency.
10	"(D) The National Security Agency.
11	"(E) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
12	"(F) The National Reconnaissance Office.
13	"(G) Any other Executive agency, or ele-
14	ment or unit thereof, determined by the Presi-
15	dent under section 2302(a)(2)(C)(ii) of title 5,
16	United States Code, to have as its principal
17	function the conduct of foreign intelligence or
18	counterintelligence activities.
19	"(3) The term "authorized member of Con-
20	gress' means a member of the House Permanent
21	Select Committee on Intelligence, the Senate Select
22	Committee on Intelligence, the House Committee on
23	Government Reform, the Senate Committee on
24	Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and
25	the committees of the House of Representatives or



- 1 the Senate that have oversight over the program
- about which the covered information is disclosed.".

